MARKOV, A.N., inshener; KHARLAMOV, V.M., inshener; IOVY, Ic.F., inshener; MIROHOV, Ye.P., dotsent; ZHYLIDZON, Ye.D., Inshener.

Extent of telecontrel of substations. Elek.sta.26 no.12:43-49 D

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1. Yareslavskaya elektroenergeticheskaya sistema (for Markev).2.dlavnaye upravleniye elektroestevy Tuga (for Kharlamev).

3. Tekhnicheskaye upravleniye MES (for Zeylidsen).

(Electric substations) (Remete centrel)

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Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 1,

p. 102 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Ioffe, Ye. F.

TITLE:

Performance of Ribbed Porcelain Insulators in Transformer Oil Containing Carbon (O rabote rebristykh farforovykh izolyatorov v transformatornom masle, soderzhashchem

uglerod)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Gor'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1956,/12, Nr 1,

pp. 77-80

ABSTRACT:

Incidents of the damaging of the lower porcelain petticoats of the bushings of 110-kv oil circuit breakers with halfarge volume of oil which disconnected one or more k.s. (kontaktnoye zveno" contact unit) are noted. After the cutting off by the oil circuit breaker of the first kpg., the lower porcelain petticoats of the bushings operate in oil containing carbon (C) which enters into the oil in arc extinguishing process in the form of particles of various dimensions and as soot. Larger particles settle with time on the tank

Card 1/2

bottom and smaller suspended particles are found in a

Performance of Ribbed Porcelain Insulators in Transformer Oil Containing

constant random (Brownian) movement. At the same time neutral suspended C-particles approaching the bushings are polarized, and pulledfin by the electric field of the bushings, settle on the surface of the lower porcelain petticoats. At the same time the creeping distance when the coats. At the same time the surface of the lower porcelain petticoat in the shape of branchy sprouts are seen on the photograph presented of the insulator of the MKTT -160 type oil circuit breaker; deposits of C passing through the insulator rib create a conductive bridge on a certain part of the porcelain petticoat. It was established that the tangential electric strength of the bushings lower porcelain petticoats, which have only slightly developed ribbing and relatively small length, is insufficient for practical operating conditions in oil containing C. In order to prevent damaging the oil circuit breakers by flashover on the porcelain petticoat surface, it is necessary to step up their tangential electric strength and to improve conditions for the equalization of the electric field.

Ye A.S.

Card 2/2

SOV/105-58-11-20/28 8(5) Ioffe, Ye. F., Engineer (Gor'kiy)

AUTHOR:

Electrical Power Engineering - On a New Level (Elektroenergetiku TITLE:

- na novuyu stupen:)

Elektrichestvo, 1958, Nr 11, pp 84-85 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

This is a comment on the article by S. M. Gortinskiy and ABSTRACT: I. A. Syronyminikov in Elektrichestvo, 1957, Hr 10, pp 1-4.

All statements made in this article are fully justified, only the fuel problem should be included in the study. In each branch of economy this problem should be solved under active participation of the power administration. In this connection substantial deficiencies of the old power- and industry administration are pointed out. One of the principal reasons for a decentralization of power supply in a great number of small power stations was the fact that each authority made its own approach to

power problems. This procedure proved to be of an equally detrimental effect when applied to fuel problems. Some cases grossly notorious for this administration incompetence are

mentioned in this paper. The considerations presented in this Card 1/2

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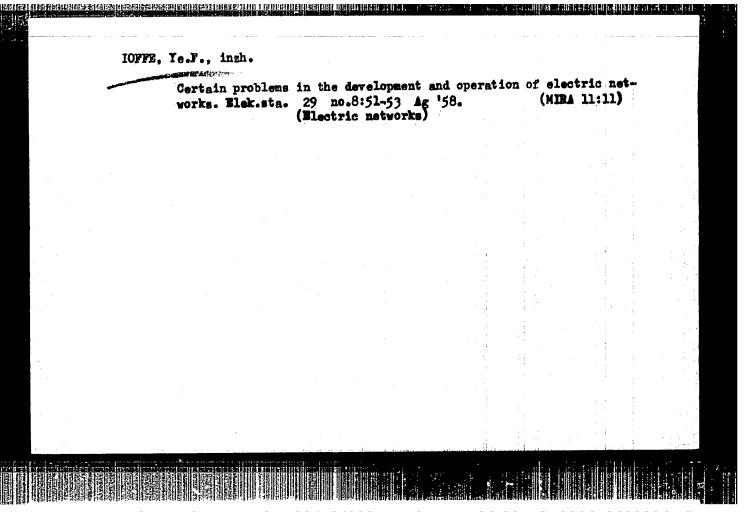
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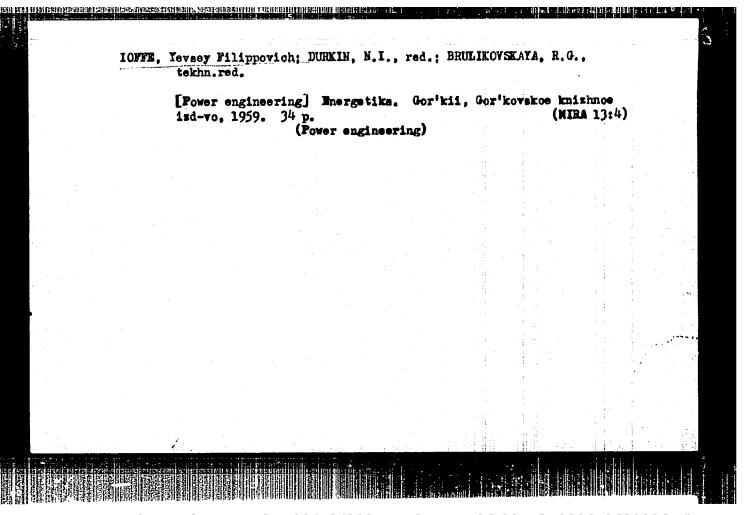
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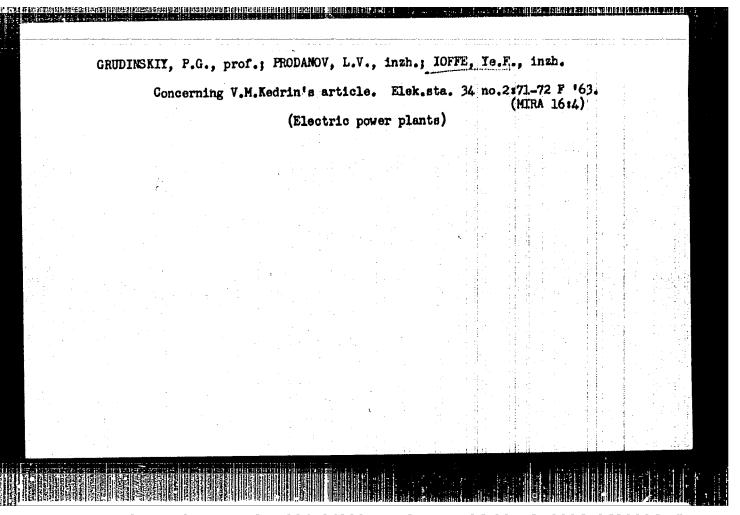
Electrical Power Engineering - On a New Level SOY/105-58-11-20/28

paper lead to the following demands placed upon power engineering planning: 1) Power supply enterprises and fuel supply enterprises, if they supply only the respective district are all to be merged under a single power administration. 2) The existing regulations concerning estimates of operational safety of power systems, which are included in the specifications for the classification of breakdowns, are to be revised as soon as possible, as they are greatly impeding the progressive trends in power engineering and the tendency of cost reduction of electrification. Branch-off supply lines from the 110 and 35 kV grid are to be made on a scope as wide as possible, as well as simplified substation circuits should be used.

Card 2/2







IOFFE, Ye.I.; KONDRAT'YEVA, G.B.; OVCHIMHIKOVA, M.P.

Survival of the causative agents of dysentery on various objects in foci of infection. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.1 immun. no.3:14-18 Mr
'55. (MIRA 8:7)

1. Is mikrobiologicheskoy laboratorii (zav. prof. L.G.Peretts)
Sverdlovskogo Instituta spidemiologii, nikrobiologii i gigiyeny
(dir. G.F.Bogdanov) i sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsi1
Sverdlovskoy oblasti (glavnyy vrach V.E.Dykova),
(SHIGHILA,
dysenteriae, survival in various objects)

JAFFE, K. I.

Penicillin salve. Vest. vener. No. A, July-Aug. 50. p. 32-9

1. Of the Olinic for Skin and Veneral Diseases of Stalingred
Medical Institute.

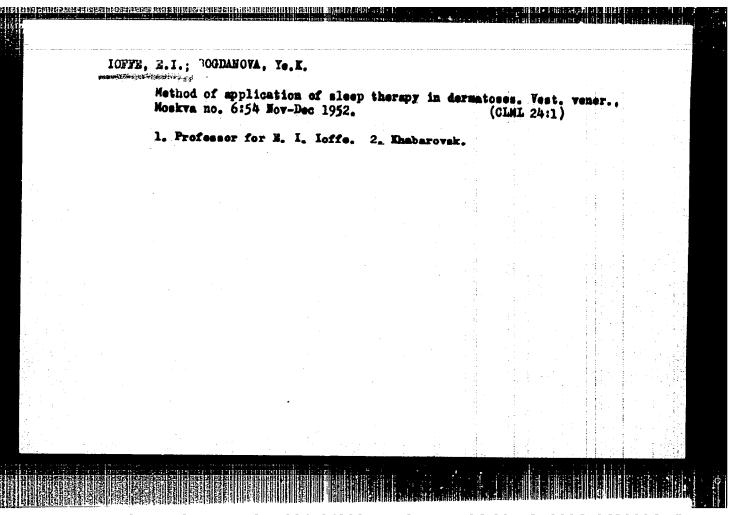
CLML 19, 5, Nov., 1950

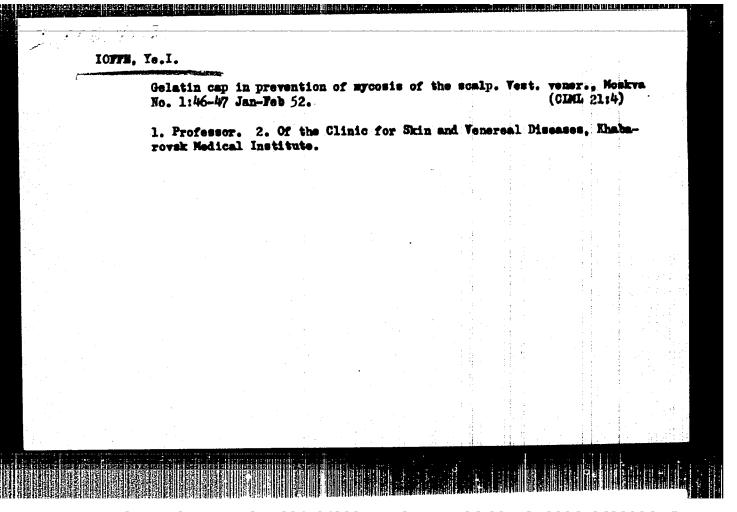
IOFFE, Ye.I.; GUSEVA, L.P.

Local application of acriquine in the treatment of scrofulederm and

1. Prof. E.I. Ioffe; Departmental Physician. 2. Of the Clinic for Skin and Venereal Diseases (Director-Prof. E.I. Ioffe), Stalingrad Medical Institute.

lupus vulgaris. Vest. vener. no.2:52-53 Mar-Apr 1951. (CIML 20:9)





GRINBERG, C.D.; 10FFE, Ye.I.; ROSTIK, M.B.

Clinical and epidemiological evaluation of the measures for the control of polionyelitis in Sverdlovsk Province. Vop. okh. mat. i det. 8 no.7:88 Jl *63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz Sverdlovskoy oblastnoy sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy stantsii.

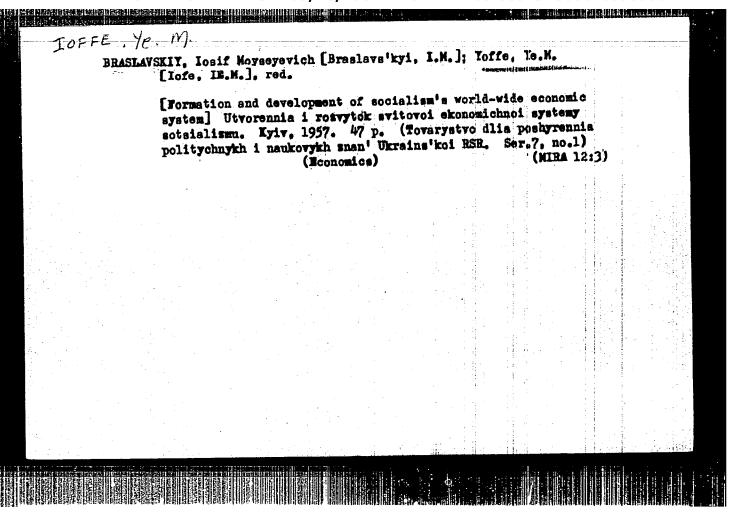
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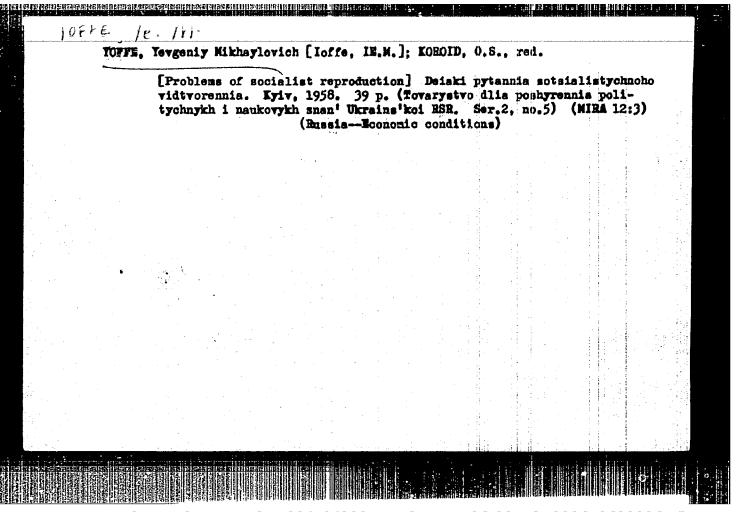
UNANOV, S.S.; MAGAZANNIK, S.S.; OSHCHEPKOVA, A.N.; SHUTOV, A.V.;

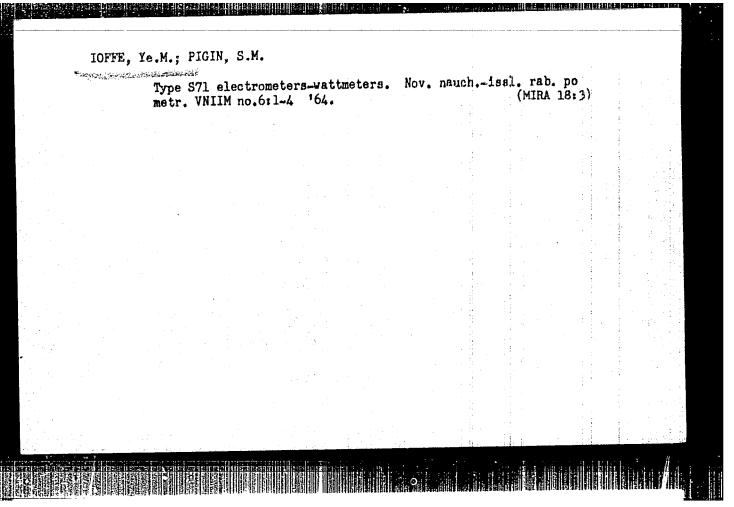
TOFFE, Ye.I.; KAMENEVA, A.L.; KURSAKOVA, A.S.; UTNITSKAYA, P.S.

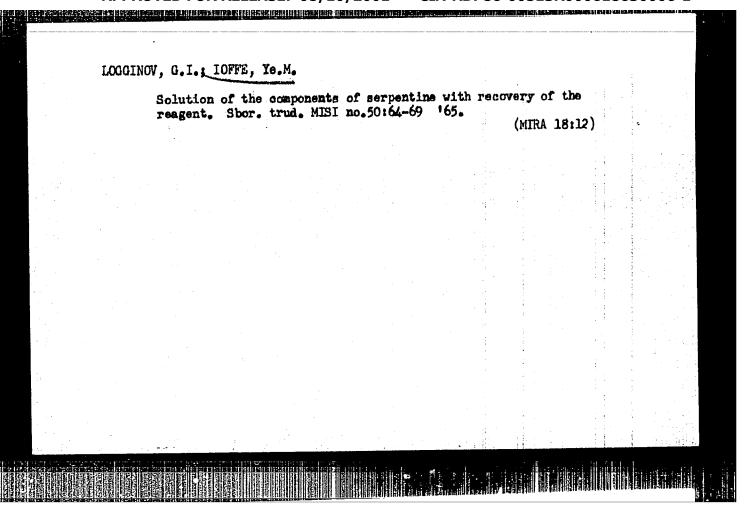
Immunological prophylaxis of tick-borns encephalitis. Vop. virus. 10 no.41462-467 Jl-Ag '65. (MIRA 18:8)

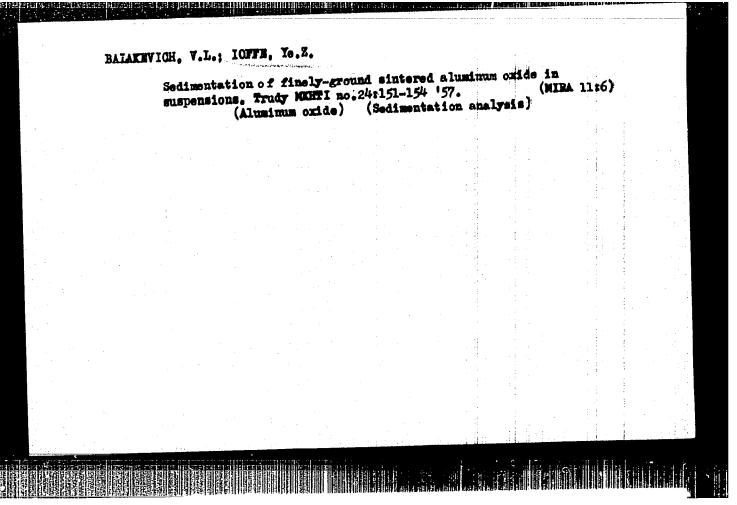
l. Moskovskiv nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut virusnykh preparatov Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR i Everdlovskaya oblastnaya sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stantsiya.

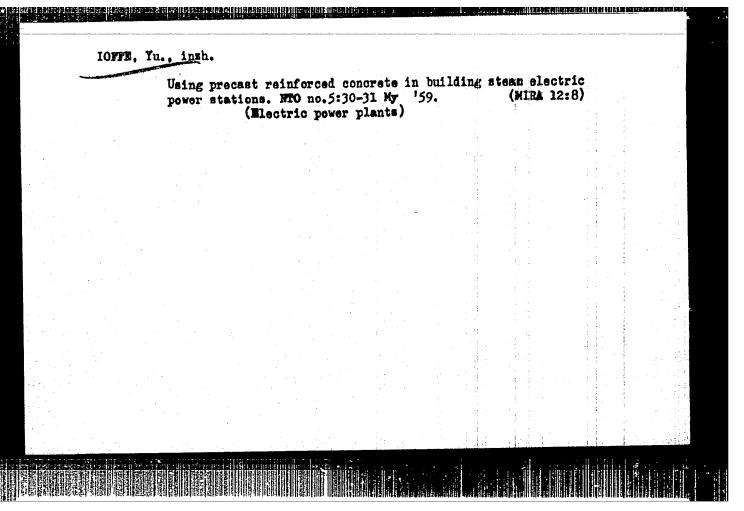












The state of the control of the cont SEMENOV, V.A.; IOFFE, Yu.A.; GUSEVA, L.L. 26 no.12:102-Clinical aspects of Dercum's syndrome. Sov.med. (MIRA 16:2) 106 B 162. 1. Iz kliniki nervnykh bolezney (zav. K.M. Gorbacheva) Moskovskogo oblastnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo klinicheskogo instituta imeni M.V. Vladimirskogo (dir. - zasluzhennyy wrach RSFSR P.M. Leonenko). (CORPULENCE)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618630006-1" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

SEMENOV, V.A.; GUSEVA, L.L.; IOFFE, Yu.A.

Clinical aspects of Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome.
Zhur. newr. i psikh. 62 no.2:273-276 '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Klinika nervnykh bolezney (zav. K.M. Gorbacheva)
Moskovskogo oblastnogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo klinicheskogo
instituta imeni M.F. Vladimirskogo.

(PARALYSIS, FACIAL) (KDEMA)

(TONGUE-DISEASES)

STOYANOV, B.G.; GUSEVA, L.L.; IOFFE, Yu.A.

Meningeal phenomers in the Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 65 no.11:1659-1661 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Kafedra kozhnykh i venericheskikh bolezney (zaveduyushchiy - prof. B.M.Pashkov) Moskovskogo meditsinskogo stomatologicheskogo instituta (direktor - prof. S.I.Babichev) Ministerstva zdravcokhraneniya RSFSR i Klinika nervnykh bolezney Moskovskogo oblastnogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo klinicheskogo instituta im. Vladimirekogo (direktor P.M.Leonenko).

STOYANOV, B.G.; SEMENOV, V.A.; GUSEVA, L.L.; IOFFE, Yu.A.

Melkersson—Rosenthal syndrome. Sov. med. 28 no.10:61-67
0 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Kafedra kozhnykh i venericheskikh bolezney (zav.— prof. B.M. Pashkov) Moskovskogo meditsinskogo stomatologicheskogo instituta i klinika nervnykh bolezney (zav.— prof. F.A. Poyemnyy) Moskovskogo oblastnogo klinicheskogo instituta imeni Vladimirskogo (dir.— P.M. Leonenko).

TOFFE, Yu. K.

"Multiplet Nature of the gamma-Lines of RaC'", Iz. Ak. Hauk SBSR, Ser. Fiz., 13, No. 4, 1949.

Leningrad Phys-Tech. Inst., AS.

The Fine Structure of the Gamma-Lines of RaC'"II, Iz. Ak. Nauk SSSR, Ser. Fiz., 13, No. 4, 1949.

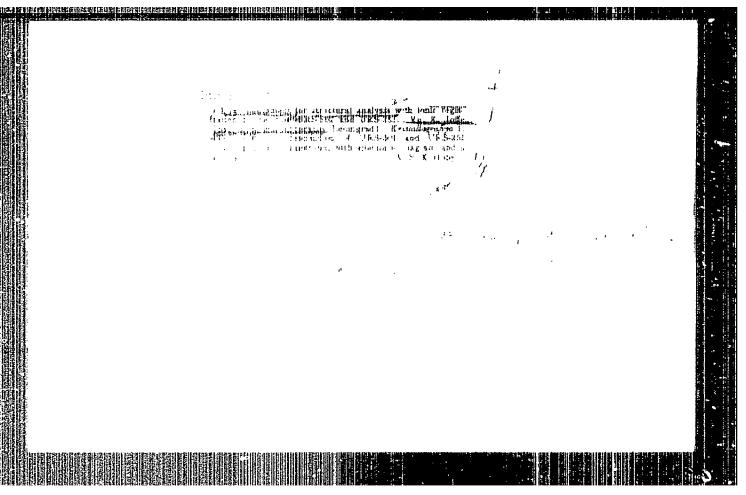
Leningrad Phys-Tech. Inst. AS.

"Spectrum of Positrons of Internal Conversion Corresponding to the Transition 1414 keV in RaC'", Iz. Ak. Nauk SSSR, Ser. Fiz., 13, No. 4, 1949.

Leningrad Phys.-Tech. Inst. AS.

"Spectrum of the Electrons of Internal Conversion from an Ampoule Fall of Radium Emanation (Radon)", I & II, Iz. Ak. Nauk SSSR, Ser. Fiz., 13; No. 4, 1949.

Leningrad Phys.-Tech. Inst., AS of the USSR.



SOV/70-4-4-14/34

AUTHORS: Ioffe, Yu.K. and Sukhodrev, A.M.

AUTHORS: 1011e, 144K. and Suchouter, A.M.

TITLE: A Scintillation Counter for Soft X-rays and Certain Results

of its Application in a Fast-operating Diffractometer

PERIODICAL: Kristallografiya, 1959, Vol 4, Nr 4, pp 554-562 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A scintillation counter and new electric circuits have

been fitted to the URS50I diffractometer increasing its speed by a factor of 8 and its accuracy by a factor of 3. The chief difference is the replacement of the Geiger counter with a dead time of ~ 1 µs by a NaI(T1)

scintillation counter with a deadtime of 1-10 mus.

The maximum count rate of the latter is about $10^{\circ}/\text{sec}$ and the luminosity of contemporary X-ray tubes is too low to use this speed properly. The advantages of the scintillation counter are: 1) resolving time of $\sim 0.25~\mu\text{s}$, permitting a count rate of 50 000/sec; 2) near 100% efficiency as against 45% for CuK_a and a Geiger tube;

3) energy discrimination. A serious difficulty with the scintillation counter is that background pulses from

Card1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618630006-1

SOV/70-4-4-14/34
A Scintillation Counter for Soft X-rays and Certain Results of its
Application in a Fast-operating Diffractometer

thermally-emitted electrons are of the same height as those it is required to count. A diagram of the geometry used with an FEU-29 photomultiplier is shown. The crystal is cut into a disc 2 mm thick, operations being performed in a dry atmosphere. A 0.2 mm thick Be window is used with a 1 μ Al foil for reflecting the light. The window diameter is 30 mm. The photomultiplier has a sensitivity of 16 photoelectrons per 100 light quanta, the background pulses are less than 12 mV and the resolution is better than 8.5%. The counters were tested in the diffractometer with Cr, Cu and Mo radiation monochromatised by reflection from a quartz crystal. Two methods were used for separating signal impulses from the background: a) by pulse height on an oscillograph screen and b) by pulse height discriminator circuits with a channel width of 1.5 V. The efficiencies were 75%, 90% and 98% for Cr, Cu and Mo radiations, respectively. The background was about 0.5 counts per sec. For the three wavelengths, the

Card2/3

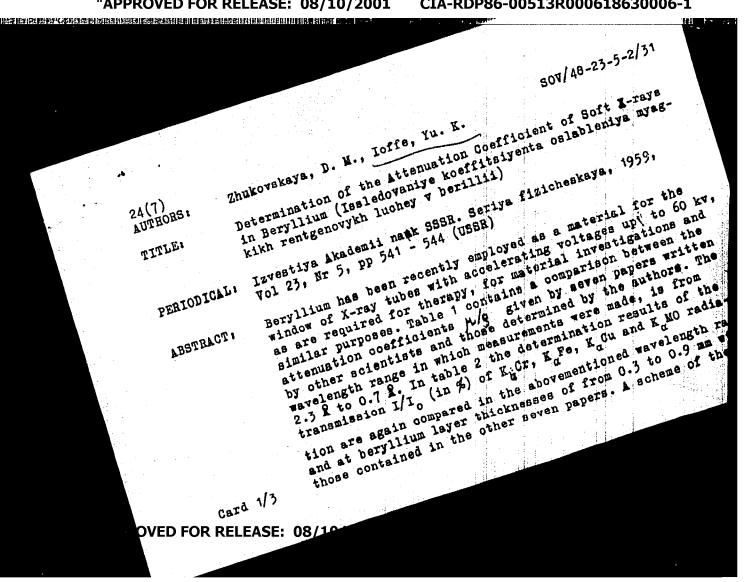
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A Scintillation Counter for Soft X-rays and Cortain Results of its Application in a Fast-operating Diffractometer

efficiencies are 1.2, 2.5 and 10 times better than for an argon-filled Geiger counter. A block diagram of the electrical circuits of the diffractometer is given. An overall increase in speed of eight times in the operation of the diffractometer was achieved together with gains in reliability and stability, The detection of weak lines is three times better. Specimen diffractograms are reproduced showing the improvements. Acknowledgments are made to M.I. Teumin. There are 6 figures and 11 references, of which 7 are Soviet, 1 German and 3 English.

SUBMITTED: November 19, 1958

Card3/3



Determination of the Attenuation Coefficient of Soft

SOV/48-23-5-2/31

X-rays in Beryllium

experimental arrangement is shown (Fig 1), the primary elements of which are a monogrystal spectrometer, a scintillation counter and a Geiger counter. After a closer description of the system, an interpretation is given of measuring results. The formula is first supplied, by which the M/g was determined at an accelerating voltage of 8 kv up to 25 kv with 2 ma. The background caused by the dispersion of the X-ray is stated as being 4 1%. Table 3 supplies the results obtained by the authors with the Geiger and spintillation counter, and the respective mean values are specified. Table 4 contains the values of wo computed with the abovementioned formula for the various wavelengths, and their error is also given. A diagram represents the dependence of I/I and M/g on the wavelength in beryllium. A description follows of results

obtained from similar investigations on aluminum; they are summarized in two tables. The result obtained from the comparison between the Russian industrially-produced vacuum-tight beryllium plates and the beryllium window of an American X-ray tube for structural investigations of the Firm Machlett is

Card 2/3

Determination of the Attenuation Coefficient of Soft SOV/48-23-5-2/31 X-rays in Beryllium

regarded as an essential result yielded by these investigations, revealing the M/Q of the American tube to be larger by 2 to 2 1/2 times than that of the Russian type. Finally, the authors thank G. M. Nikolayenko, M. M. Umanskiy and Ye. M. Fridman for assistance and advice given. There are 2 figures, 6 tables, and 10 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Goszavod Upravleniya radiotekhnicheskoy promyshlennosti
Leningradskogo sovnarkhoza (State Factory of the Radiotechnical
Industry Administration of the Leningrad Council of National
Economy)

Card 3/3

L 17321-63 EFR/EWT(1)/BDS AFFTC/ASD Ps-4 WW ACCESSION NR: AP3004909 S/0120/63/000/004/0158/0159

AUTHOR: Lozinskiy, M. G.; Fridman, Ye. M.; Nikolayenko, G. M.; 6,2 Ioffe, Yu. K.

TITLE: Sharp-focused higher-power X-ray tube for structure analysis

SOURCE: Pribory*i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 4, 1963, 158-159

TOPIC TAGS: X-ray tube, structure analysis, URS-70 X-ray quifit, sharp-focused X-ray tube

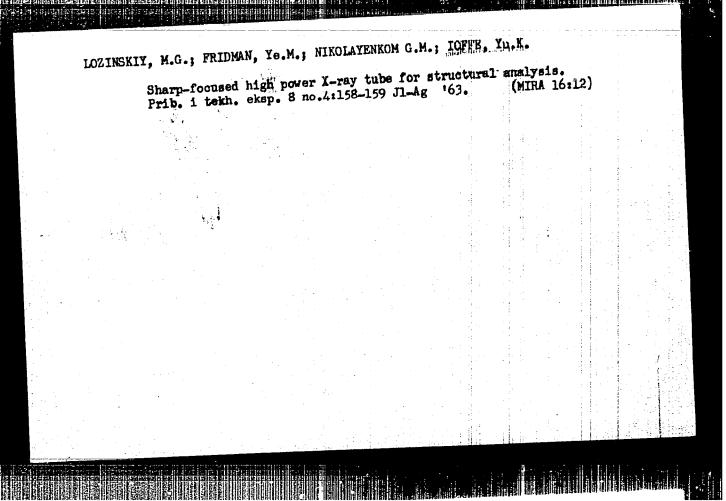
ABSTRACT: A new design of a linear-focus X-ray tube with electrostatic focusing of the electron beam is described. A 215-mm-long comper housing has a vacuum-tight beryllium window and water-cooled anoide. Tube prototypes were tested in a regular URS-70/x-ray outfit;0stable operation with noted at a rated voltage of 45 kv and test voltage of 50 kv. Maximum currents: 2.5 ma with Mo and Cu mirrors and 500 microamp, with Fe, Co, Ni, or Cr mirrors. A sample

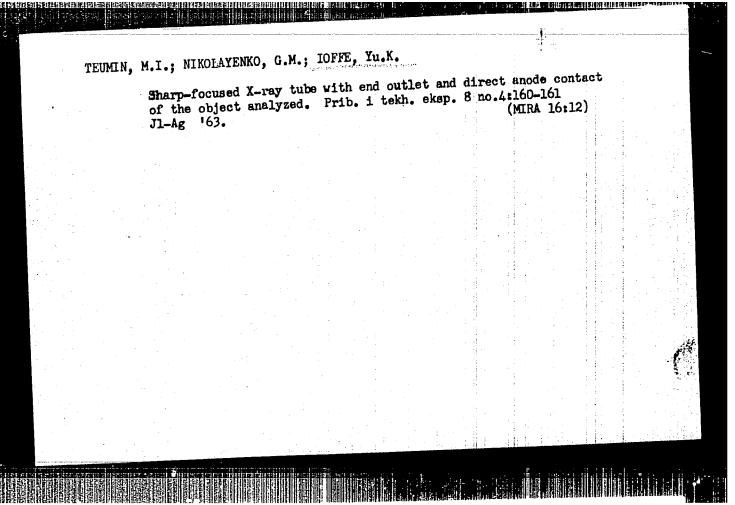
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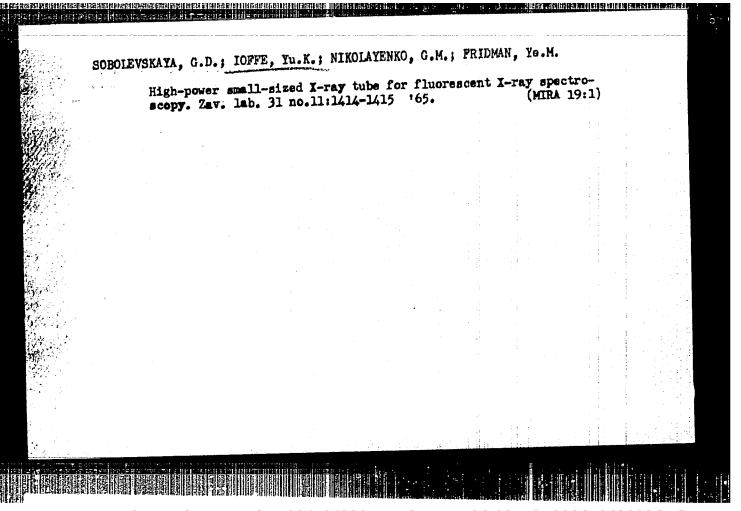
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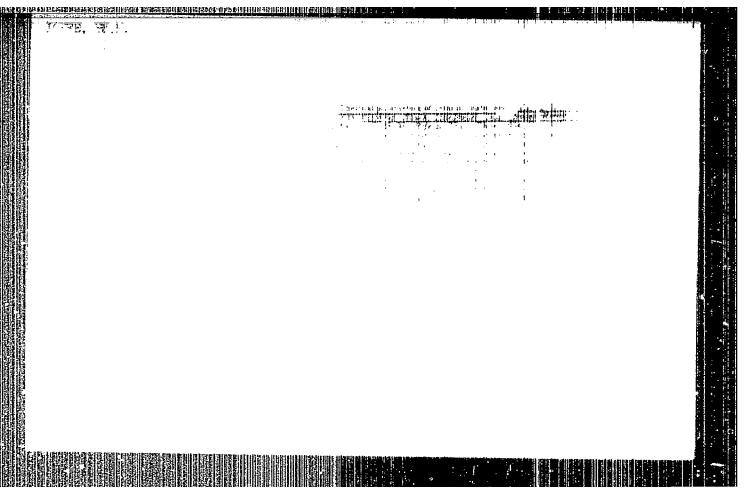
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ACCESSION NR: AP3004910 ACCESSION NR: AP3004910 G. M.; Ioffe, Yu. K.
AUTHOR: Teumin, M. I.; Nikolayenko, G. M.; Ioffe, Yu. K.
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specimen and was a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second
ABSTRACT: An experimental model is described of a permanent-magnet, ABSTRACT: An experimental model is described of a permanent-magnet, copper-anode, air-cooled X-ray tube whose grounded anothe permits direct con- copper-anode, air-cooled X-ray tube whose grounded anothe permits direct con- copper-anode, air-cooled X-ray tube whose grounded anothe permits direct con-
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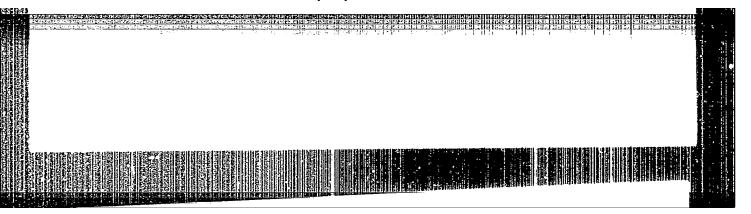
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IOFFE, TU. R.

Sverdlev, F.M. and Ioffe, Yu. B.
ferroconcrete elements, Stroit. Prom-st', 1948, Mo. 12, p. 243

S0: U-2883, Letopis Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Mo. 1, 1949

IOFFF, YU. R.; SVERDICV, P. M.

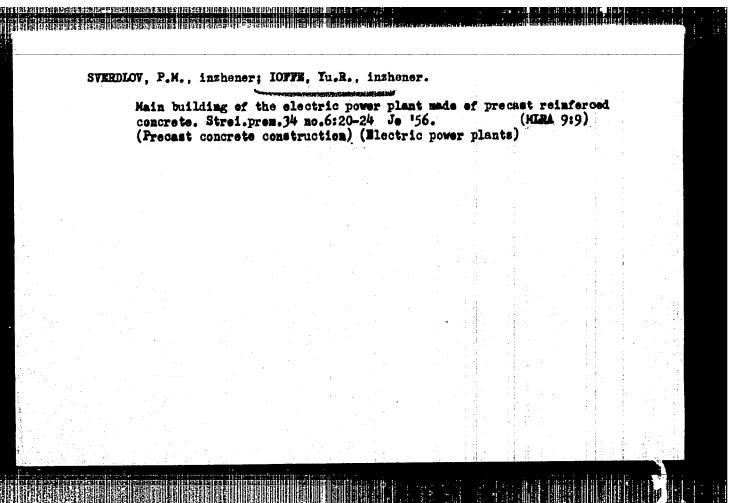
Reinforced Concrete Construction Electric Power Plants.

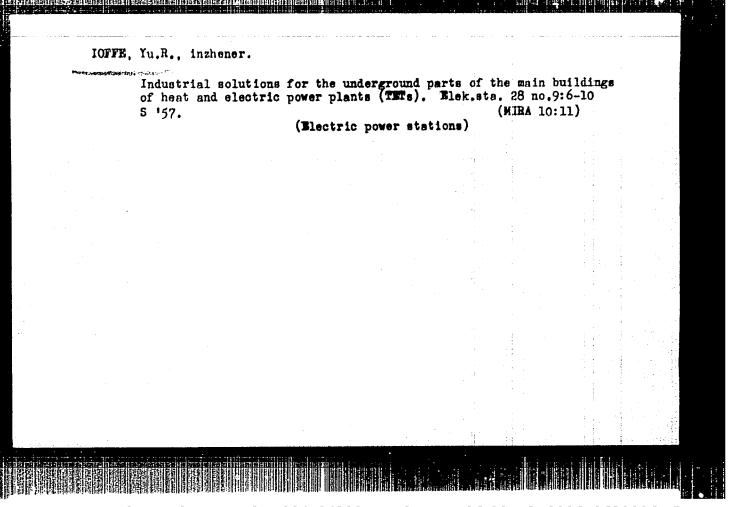
Supporting reinforced structures used in electric power station construction.

Elek. sta., 23, no. 2, 1952.

Inzh.

So: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1952



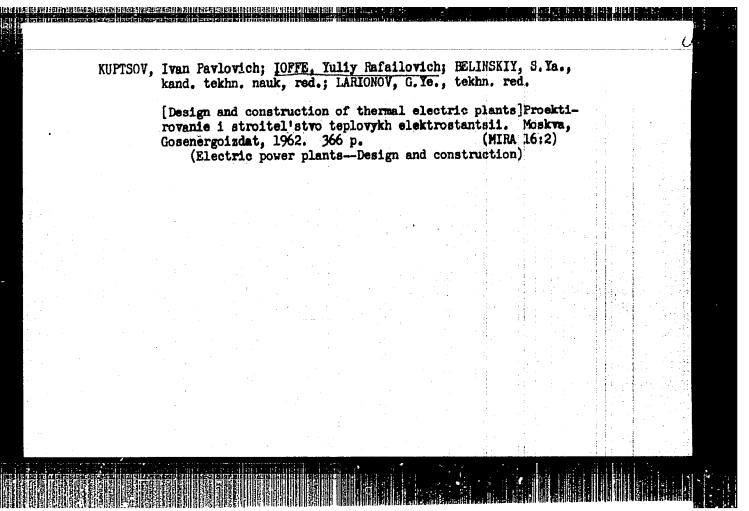


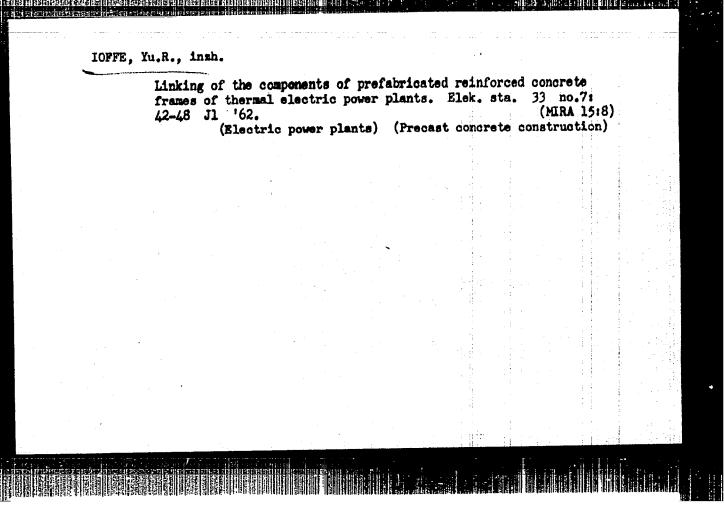
IOFFE, Yuliv Rafailovich; KUPTSOV, Ivan Pavlovich; ORLOV, M.M., inzh., red.; SLABODKINA, G.N., red.; LKEEDEVA, L.V., tekhm. red.

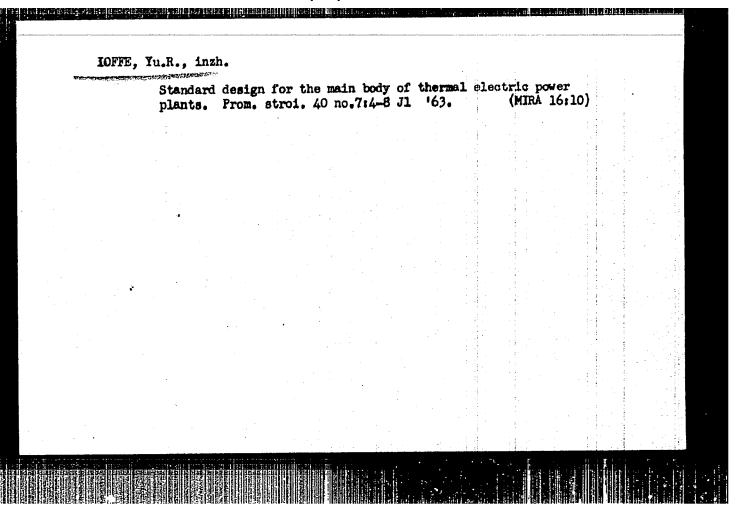
[Design and construction of large thermal electric power plants of precast reinforced concrete]Proektirovanie i stroitell'stvo moshchnykh teplovykh elektrostantsii iz sbornogo zhelezobetona. Moskva, Orgenergostroi, 1962. 77 p. (MIRA 15:10)

(Electric power plants)

(Precast concrete construction)







IEBEDEV, V.V.; 10FFE, Yu.S.; CHETVERISHKIN, B.V.

Treatment of skull traumas accompanied by injuries of the venous sinuses of the dura mater. Trudy Inst. im. N.V. Sklif. 8:54-57 '63.

1. Institut skoroy pomoshchi imeni Sklifosovskogo, Moskva.

Anesthesia in carrying out cerebral angiography in patients with acute craniccerebral traumas. Trudy Inst. im. N.V. Sklif. 8:122-126 '63. (HIRA 18:6)

1. Institut skoroy pomoshchi imeni Sklifosovskogo, Moskva.

IOFFE. Yu.S.; OSTROVSKAYA, I.M.

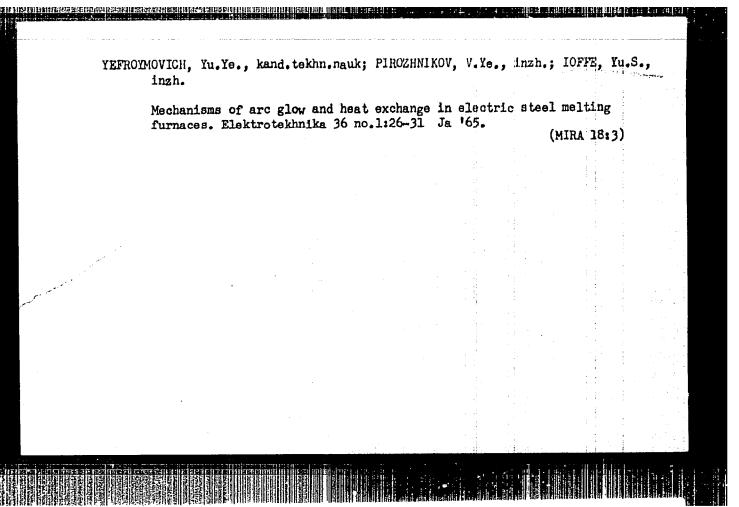
Diagnostic significance of cerebral angiography in the clinical aspects of emergency surgery. Khirurgiia 40 no.11:103-107 N '65.

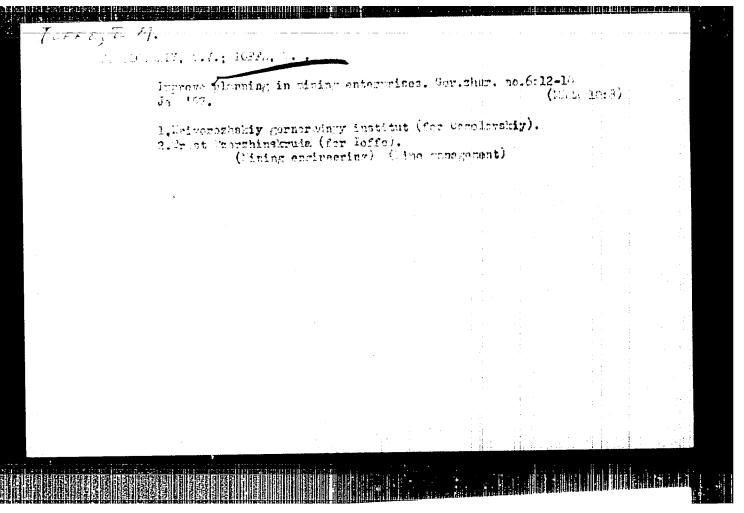
(MIRA 18:7)
Lebedev) I Travmatologicheskoy kliniki (zav. - kand. med. nauk V.V.
i rentgenologicheskoy otdeleniye (zav. - prof. I.I.Sokolov)
i rentgenologicheskoye otdeleniye (zav. - prof. nauk M.K.Shcherbatenko)
Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta skoroy pomoshchi imeni Sklifosovskogo
(glavnyy khirurg - prof. B.A.Petrov), Moskva.

SVENCHANSKIY, Aleksandr Danjlovich; GUITERMAN, Kirill Davydovich;

10FFE, Yu.S., red.

[Automatic control of electric furnaces] Avtomaticheskoe regulirovanie elektricheskikh pechei. Moskva, Emergiia, 1965. 478 p. (MIRA 18:12)





EWT(1)/FCC/EWA(h) CW UR 0033/46/043/001/01/5/0180 L 22670-66 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR: AP6006782 ORG: Institute of Radiophysics, Gorkiy State University (Radiofizioheskiy in-t Gor'kovskogo gos. universiteta) TITLE: Solar wind flow around a comet SOURCE: Astronomicheskiy zhurnal, v. 43, no. 1, 1966, 175-180 TOPIC TAGS: solar wind, comet, shock wave, plasma velecity ABSTRACT: The author considers the possibility of dividing premoment in constary tails and in the plasmic head into two groups: stationary and nonstationary. Stationary phenomena are due to the solar wind and should occur when the wind is stationary. Nonstationary phenomena are due to period d compuscular streams, in part to nonstationary wind. This latter may be considered a modulating factor, superposed on a statistically steady background. The author shows that the profile of the plasma head and the cylindrical form of the tail may be explained by consideration of steady flow of solar wind about the danct. The nucleus of the comet within the plasma stream is considered a source. The pressure at the UIX: 523,66 Card 1/2

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L 22670-66 ACC NR: AP6006782 interface between the source and the plasma stream may be approximated by Newton's formula: $p = \frac{1}{2} \rho_1 V_1^2 c_p^* \sin^2 \alpha$, where α is the angle of inclination of a surface element to the advancing stream, ρ_1 and v_1 are the density and velocity of the stream, and cp* is a function of the Mach number and the sentropic factor %. Here M=8, N=2, and c_p * is then 1.67. By analogy with a source in an incompressible medium, it is shown that for a solar wind with 11 5.10 gauss pressure on the order of magnetic, velocity of 3.10 cm/sec, and a density of 5/cm3, the velocity of the perpendicular shock wave may be expressed by (index 1 indicates values before passage of stream, f after). $\frac{\delta+1}{\delta-1}=3$, and the recessional velocity of the shock wave is therefore It is concluded that the effect of approaching velocity of the ativeam and the effect of density ratio as here indicated are predictable only with characteristic dimensions of the comet. The author expresses his thanks to 5. A. Kaplan for guidance in this work. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 7 formulas. SUB CODE: 03/ SUBM DATE: 10May65/ ORIG REF: 009/ OTH REF: Card 2/2 8W

CIA-RDP86-00513R000618630006-1 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

interferentansinksessessinksessissessinksinskiseleserinkennennin intraliinte in i ACC NR: AP6019676 SOURCE CODE: UR/0033/66/043/003/0655/0658 502 AUTHOR: Ioffe, Z. M. ORG: Institute of Radiophysics, Gor'kiy State University (Radiofizi cheskiy in-t Gor'kovskogo gos. universiteta) TITLE: Comet dragged by solar wind. II SOURCE: Astronomicheskiy zhurnal, v. 43, no. 3, 1966, 655-658 TOPIC TAGS: plasma drag, drag space, supersonic drag, Mach number, subsonic velocity, hypersonic velocity, shock wave, comet tail ABSTRACT: The plasma or air drag around an object may be considered as a drag around a blunt body. If this body is large enough, there will be two surfaces. One is the shock wave (a), and the other is the boundary between the media. These surfaces divide the drag space into three regions: 1) unperturbed drag, 2) drag after passing the shock wave, and 3) body gas. Introducing the dimensionless parameters \vec{p} pressure, \vec{v} velocity, and \vec{p} density, and using the supersonic drag from tables, it may be proved that, with distance from the top of the body, the pressure on the body tends toward constant. In the case of a cylindrical body, the pressure in infinity does not depend upon the Card 1/2 UDC: 523.662

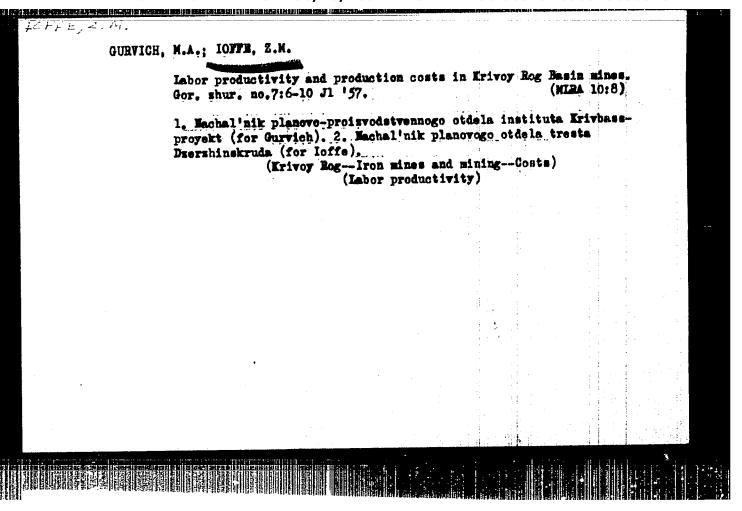
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ACC NR: AP6019676

diameter of the cylinder or the shape of the top. The asymptotic value of the dimensionless pressure p for a cylinder is equal to 0.096 at Mach 6, and 0.033 at Mach 10. The same method for solving a drag problem is applied to the case when the body is a comet with subsonic velocity and the drag stream has hypersonic velocity. The pressure po at the attack point and the asymptotic pressure pm must be known. At H = 6, $p_{\infty} = 0.25 \cdot 10^{-9}$, and $p_{0} = 0.72 \cdot 10^{-8}$, the asymptotic pressure $\vec{p}_{\infty} = 0.037$ ($\gamma = 1$)/2 γ , where γ is the entropic coefficient. When $\gamma = 2$, $\vec{p}_{\infty} = 0.009$ and when y = 1.4, $\vec{p}_{\infty} = 0.005$. When the comet has a supersonic velocity, a second shock wave must exist. The direction of the comet tail is conditioned by interaction between the plasma of the comet tail and the solar wind. In conclusion the author found that 1) the tail axis is fixed by the outflow of ions near the comet's head, 2) the head is better protected against external ions, and 3) the solar wind does not influence the tail's direction. The author thanks S. A. Kaplan for directing the work and O. M. Belotserkovskiy for consultations. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 10 formulas. [EG]

SUB CODE: 03/ SUBM DATE: 27Nov65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 003/ATC PRESS: 50/9

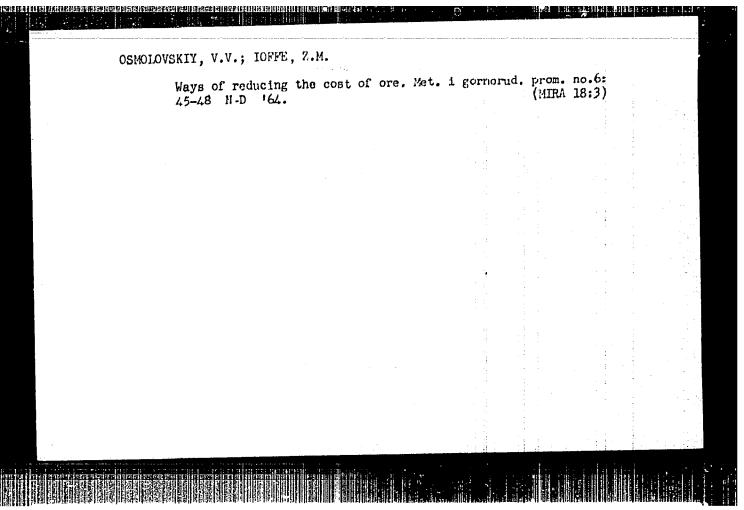
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GURVICH, Hikhail Abramovich; IOFFE, Zinoviy Moisevevich; OSMOLOVSKIY, Valentin Vasil'yevich; BENGAUZ, L.A., red.; BENGHTEYE, A.I., red.izd-va; MIKHAYLOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.

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[Economics, organisation and planning in enterprises of the mining industry; collection of examples and problems] Economica, organisateils i planirovanie predpriiatii gornorudnoi promyshlennosti; sbornik primerov i sadach. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-volit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1958. 232 p. (MIRA 12:4) (Mining industry and finance)



OSMOLOVSKIY, Valentin Vasil'yevich; IOFFE, Zinoviy Moiseyevich;
GURVICH, Mikhail Abramovich; BOCHKOVSKATA, Irina
Vladimirovna; PINEGIN, I.I., otv. red.; OSVAL'D, E.Ya.,
red.izd-va; IL'INSKAYA, G.M., tekhn. red.

[Industrial organization and planning in the ore mining
industry] Organization proisvodstva i planirovanie v
gornorudnoi promyshlemosti. [By] V.V.Osmolovskii i dr.
Moskva, Gosgortekhiadat, 1963. 351 p. (MIRA 16:11)

(Mine management)

ACCESSION NR: AP4020568

\$/0057/64/034/003/0426/0428

AUTHOR: Ioffe, Z. M.

TITLE: Influence of inertia of electrons on shock front thickness in magnetohydrodynamics

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 34, no. 3, 1964, 426-428

TOPIC TAGS: plasma, hydrodynamics, electron inertia, conduction anisotropy, shock wave front, shock front thickness, magneto-hydrodynamics

ABSTRACT: The influence of inertia of electrons on the thickness of an oblique shock wave front is considered. It is shown that if a = c/wp (where wp is plasma frequency) is less than the characteristic dimensions, the shock front thickness strongly depends on conduction anisotropy and is almost independent of electron inertia. When a is greater than the characteristic dimensions, the dependence is quite the opposite. An expression for shock front thickness in the case of a perpendicular shock wave is obtained with electron inertia taken into account. Orig. art. has: 12 formulas.

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4020568

ASSOCIATION: Institut astrofiziki AN Tadshikskoy SSR (Astrophysics Institute, AN Tadzhik SSR)

SUBMITTED: 28Feb63 DATE ACQ: 31Mar64 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH NO REF SOV: 002 OTHER: 000

OSMOLOVSKIY, V.V.; IOFFE, Z.M.; SOKOLOV, V.P.; DULIN, IIL.

Improvement of planning and stimulation of interest in bonuses on the part of miners (discussion of the article by A.V. Baronenkov). Gor. shur. no.10:22-24 0 63.

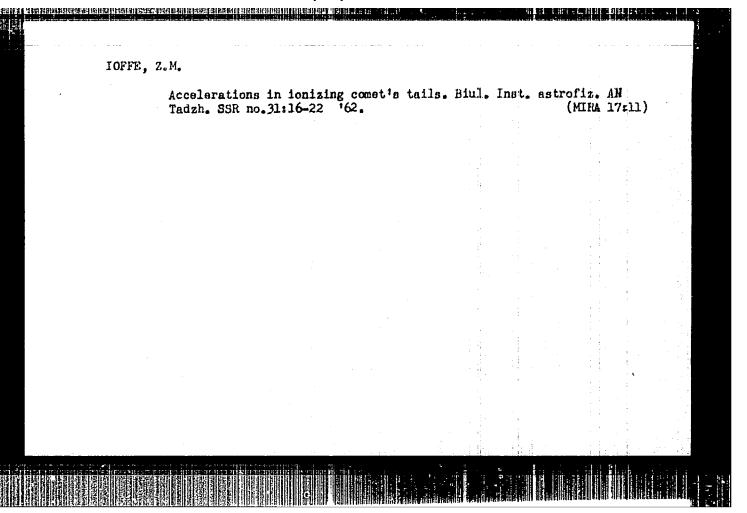
(MIRA 16:11)

- 1. Krivorozhskiy gornorudnyy institut (for Osmolovskiy).
- 2. Dzershinskiy gosudarstvennyy trest shelesorudnoy promyshlennosti, Krivoy Rog (for Ioffe). 3. Pechorskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy ugol nyy institut (for Sokolov, Dulin).

ZYMALEV, G.S.; IOFFE, Z.M.; FODKAMINTY, G.F.

Economical operation at Dzerzhinskrud Trest mines. Gor.zhur.
no.1:15-17 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Trest Dzerzhinskruda, Krivoy Rog.



ZYMALEV, G.S., gornyy inzh.; IOFFE, Z.M., inzh.-ekonomist

Capital investments and capital yield in the cre dressing plants of the "Dzerzhinskruda" Trust. Gor. zhur. no.10:30-33 0 '65.

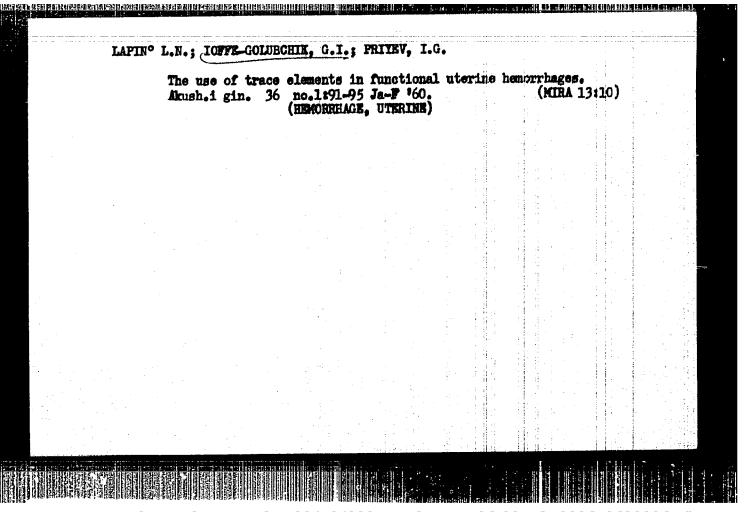
(MIRA 18:11)

1. Trest Dzerzhinskruda, Krivoy Rog.

IOFFE, Z.M.

Solar-wind flow about a comet. Astron. zhur. 43 no. 1:175-180
Ja-F '66 (MIRA 19:2)

1. Radiofizicheskiy institut Cor'kovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta. Submitted May 10, 1965.



IOFFE_GOLUBCHIK, G.I., prof.; FARKHADI, V.F., assistant

Cytology of the epithelium of the uterine mucosa in climateric hemorrhages following administration of trace elements. Med. zhur. Uzb. no.3:67-69 Mr '60. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Iz akushersko-ginekologicheskoy kliniki Samarkandskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I.P.Paylova. (UTERUS. HEMORRHAGE) (CLIMACTERIC) (THACE ELEMENTS)

IOFFE GOLUBCHIK, G.I., prof.; ELYAKHMAN, S.D., kand. med. nauk

Air embolism in obstetric and gynecological practice and problems of its diagnosis in a cadaver. Nauch. trudy SamNI (MIRA 17:9)

1. Iz kafedry akusherstva i ginekologii i kafedry sudobnoy meditsiny Samarkandskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

IOFFE-GOLUBCHIK. YE. I., Prof.

Genitourinary Organs

Therapy of fistulas according to Buiko's method. Akush. i gin., No. 3, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1952. UNCLASSIFIED

GALIMON, L.S., kand. ekon. nauk; IOFFE-CONCHARUK, M.A.; KOTSAREVA, T.C.; SOZINOVA, O.A.; STEKLOVA, A.N.; KHURCHIRA, Z.A.; KOTKOV, M.I., otv. red.; NADEZHDINA, A., red. izd-va; TELECHNA, T., tekhn. red.

[Control over wage fund disbursement] Kontrol' za zazkhodovaniem fondov zarabotnoi platy. Moskva, Gosfinizdat, 1962, 117 p.

(HIRA 15:7)

1. Gosudarstvennyy bank Moskvy (for Ioffe-Goncharuk, Kotsareva, Sozinova, Steklova, Khurgina). 2. Nachal'nik Otdela kontrolya za zarabotnoy platoy Pravleniya Gosudarstvennogo banka SSSR (for Kotkov).

(Moscow-Banks and banking) (Moscow-Wages)

IOFFEE, I.L., prof.; YAKSANOV, Yu.A.

Clinical significance of the topography of infiltrates and abscesses of appendicular origin. Sov. med. 28 no.1:61-66 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:5)

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1. Kafedra gospital'noy khirurgii (zav. - doktor med. nauk G.N. Zakharova) i kafedra operativnoy khirurgii (zav. - prof. I.L. Ioffe) Saratovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

GRABOVSKIY, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; IOFFINA, E.M., starshiy inzh.;
NOVIKOVA, A.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SKOMKANOVA, V.M.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

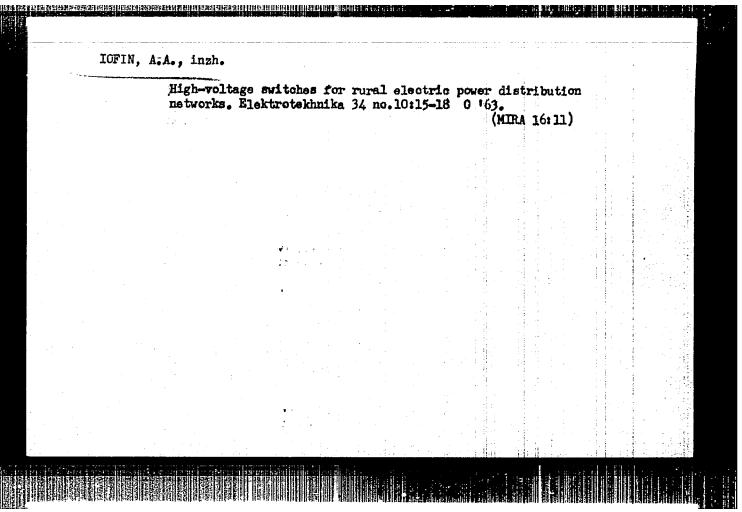
हित्युच्या स्वत्यामञ्जूष्टम् स्वत्यास्य प्राच्यास्य स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्या स्वत्याम् । स्वत्य स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त स्वत्युक्त

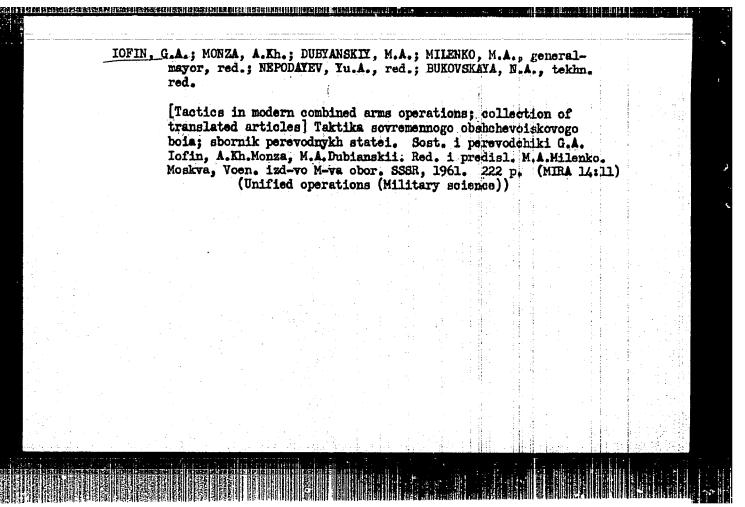
Intensification of the clarification of sulfite liquors in the causticizing shops of sulfate pulp factories. Trudy LTITSBP no.11:73-82 '62. (MIRA 16:10)

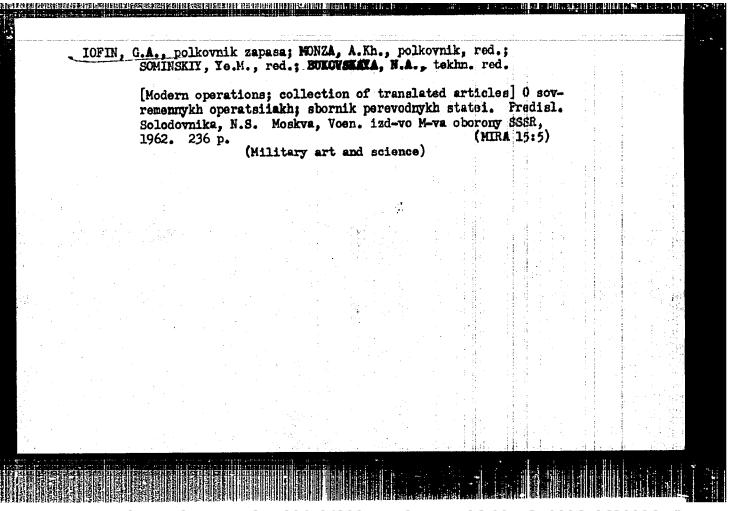
MIGUKIN, F.M., inzh.; ROGACHEVSKIY, TS.A., inzh.; 10FIK, B.M., inzh.;
LEPYANSKIY, Ya.M., inzh.

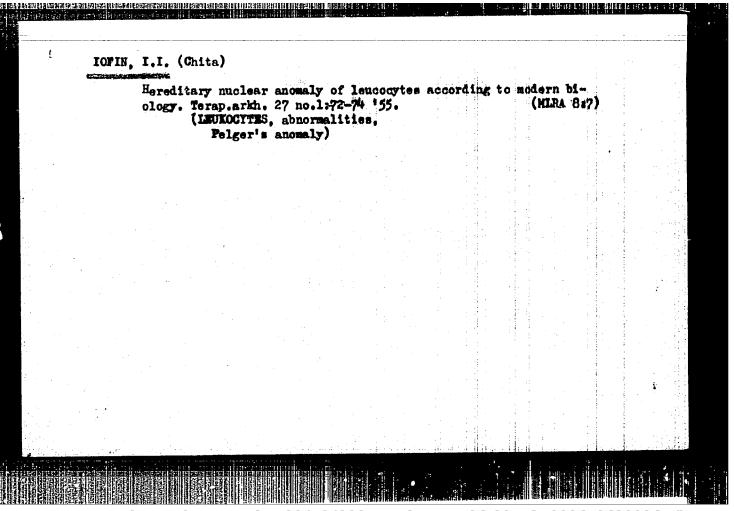
New conveyer for lap transport. Tekst.prom. 21 no.5:51-53 ht
161.

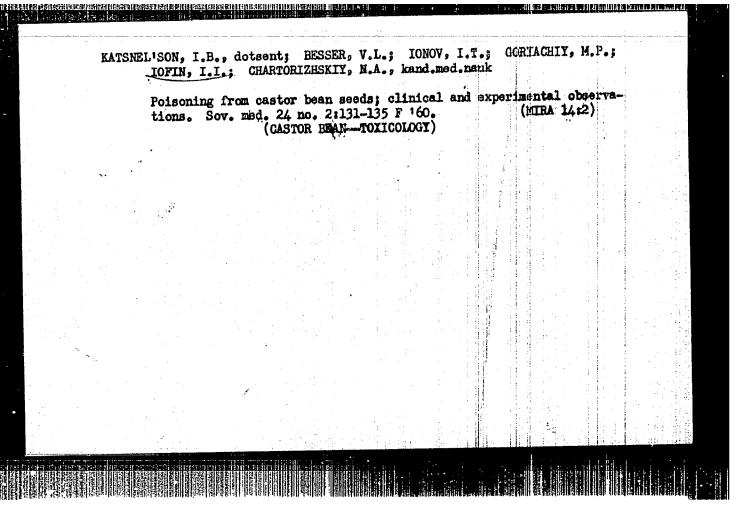
1. Gosudarstvennyy proyektnyy institut no.3.
(Textile industry--Equipment and supplies)
(Conveying machinery)











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TINTMAN, Mukhim Izrailevich; 10FIN, I.I., retsenzent; KCVALEVI, V.D., otv. red.; ULANOVSKAYA, N.M., red.

[Design of municipal automatic telephone exchanges] Proektirovanie stantsionnykh sooruzhanii gorodskikh ATS. Mosskva, Izd-vo "Sviaz'," 1964. 111 p. (MIRA 17:7)

IOFIN, S. L.

"Calculation of the Optimum Angle of Slope of the Open-works for Steeply Dipping Deposits." Sub 5 Jun 51, Moscow Inst of Nonferrous Metals and Gold imeni M. I. Kalinin

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55

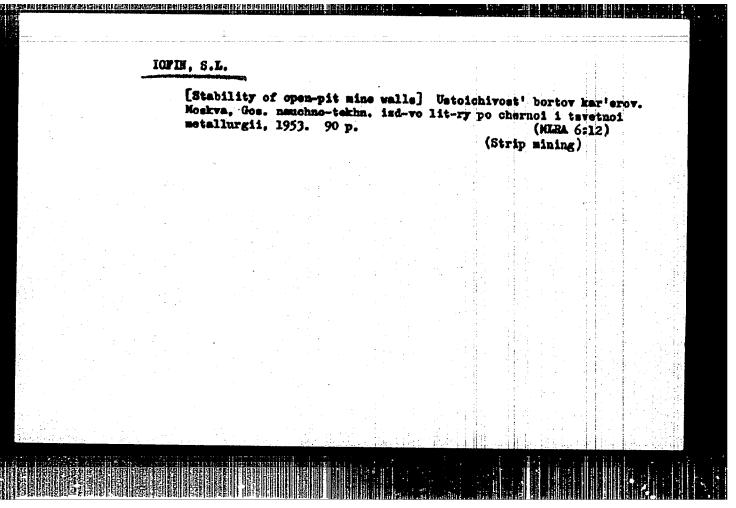
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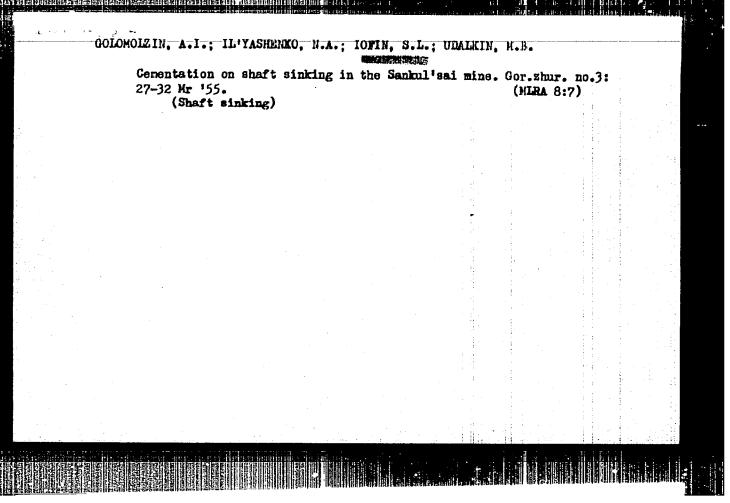
BOGOLYUSOV, B. P.; IOFIN. S. L.

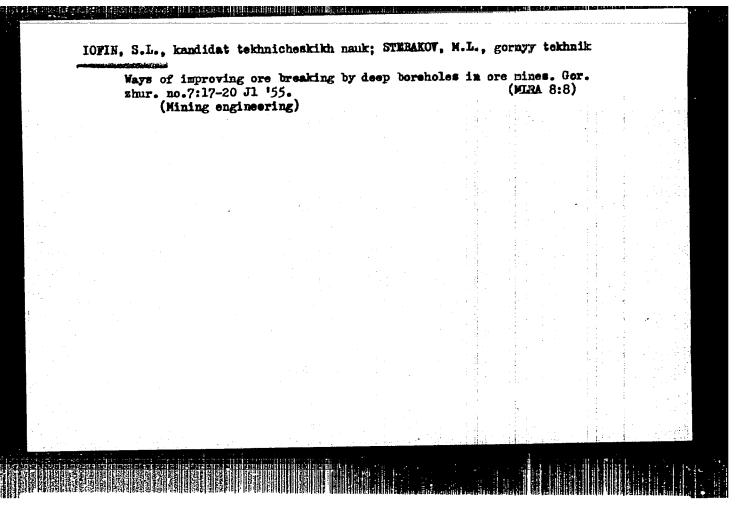
Mining Engineering

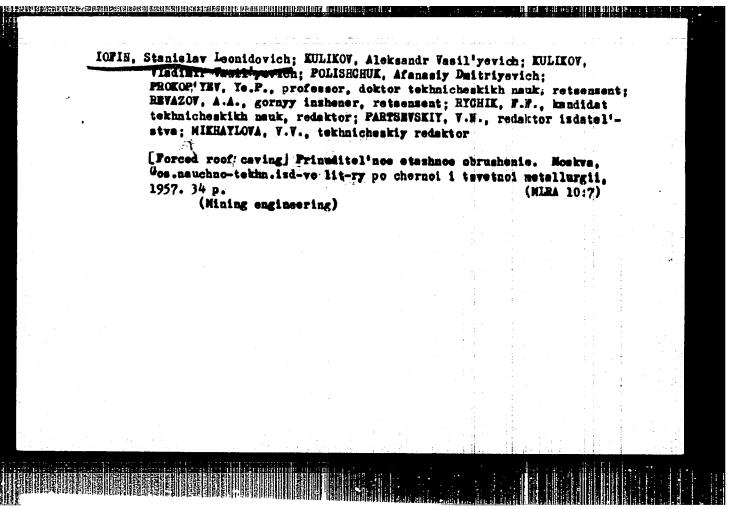
Durability of walls of Krivoi Rog pit mines. Gorn. zhur. no. 4, 1952.

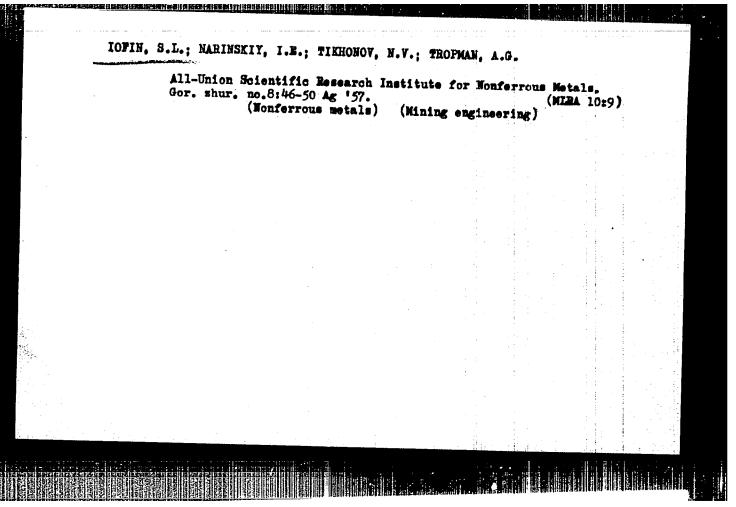
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ADIGAMOV, Ya.M.; IOFIN, S.L.; NASUPA, N.A.; FEDOSOV, M.K.; SHCHEPANOV, P.A.

Improving the working of the Zolotushinskoye deposit. Stor.
trud. VNIITSVETMET no.4120-36 *59.

(MIRA 16:8)

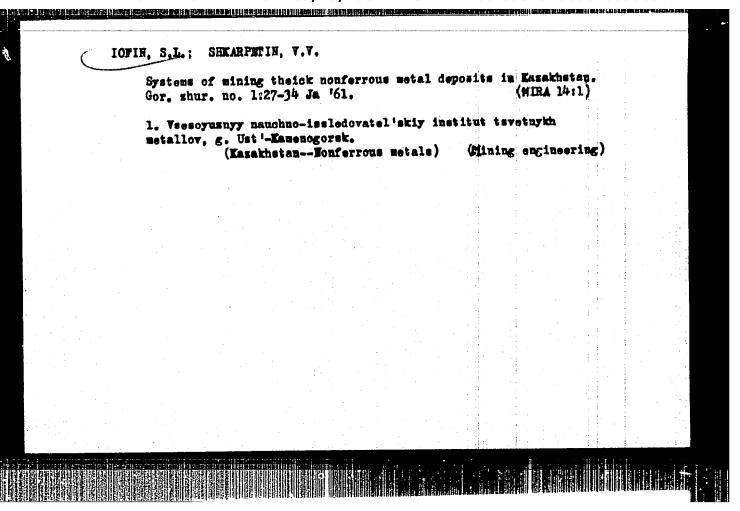
IOFIN, S.L.; PREOBRAZHENSKIY, L.M.

Ways of increasing the productivity of cable drilling. Sbor.
trud. VNIITSVETMET no.4:94-107 '59. (MIRA 16:8)

(Boring)

Research improving work safety for miners. Busop.truda
v prom. 4 no.8:7-9 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)

1. Vecsoyusnyy manchno-issledovatel'skiy gornometallurgicheskiy institut tsvetnykh metallov, g.Ust'-Kamenogorsk.
(Ust'-Kamenogorsk-Mining engineering-Safety measures)



IOFIN, S.L.; SKHARFETIN, V.V.; DRONOV, N.V.; KOP¹YEV, V.Ya.; IVANOV, V.A.

Efficiency of mining systems in mines of the East Kazakhsten Economic Region. Gor. zhur. no.7:26-33 Jl. 162.

L. Vsescyusnyy nauchno-issledovatel¹skiy institut tsvetnykh matallov, g. Ust¹-Kamenogorsk.

(East Kazakhsten Province—Mining engineering)